

# Document management and discovery: Tips, traps and best practices

## Pre-litigation protocols to keep in mind:

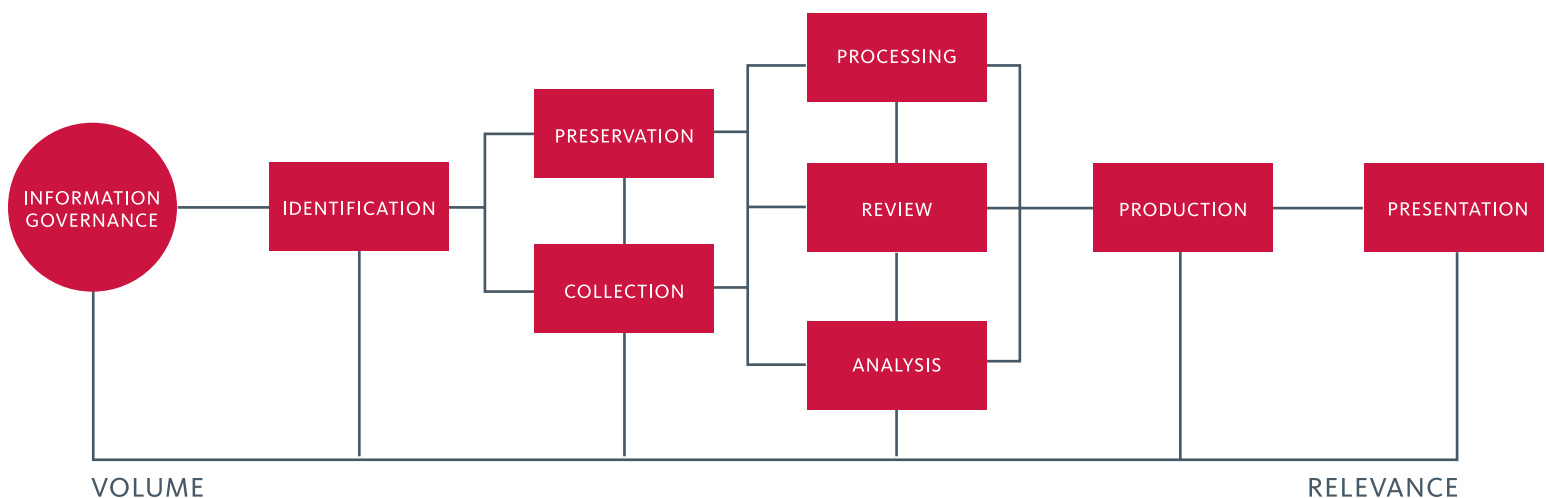
Simple pre-litigation protocols greatly minimize cost and business disruption once litigation starts. Good information governance practices in preparation for litigation include:

- Data mapping
- Data retention policies and processes
- Litigation hold processes
- Set team discovery “responders”
- Internet, email and device usage policies

## Litigation holds – What you need to know

- Distribute litigation hold notices to relevant persons as soon as litigation is contemplated or threatened
- Ensure that any automatic file destruction mechanisms are suspended by the issuance of litigation holds
- Draft hold notices in plain English and set out clear instructions on what must be preserved
- Talk to your people to identify who should receive hold notices
- Refresh and redistribute notices at least every six months

## Electronic Discovery Reference Model



Adapted from [EDRM.net](http://EDRM.net)

# Do's & Don'ts of document review & production

## Do's

- Understand where, how and for how long your company houses its data
- Consider implementing data retention and usage procedures and policies if appropriate
- Have a plan for the creation and dissemination of a legal hold and ensuring compliance
- Build up your in-house capacity to save on costs
- Ask for deals from your technology vendors — especially on data hosting
- Ask your counsel whether they are planning on using analytics in the document review and how
- Ask counsel to demonstrate how analytics software can save costs
- Explore cheaper ways to perform document review
- Try to get regulatory authorities to agree to a more reasonable approach to production
- Consider a native production but be aware of the risks
- Have your counsel negotiate a clawback agreement

## Don'ts

- Assume you'll save money in the longer term with a Master Service Arrangement with a cheap e-discovery vendor
- Fail to engage with the other side respecting discovery and production specifications, even if the law does not require it
- Make your data retention and usage procedures user dependent
- Lock yourself into old or outdated technology
- Be afraid to use TAR